

Our Mission: To utilize strategic public investments in a private development project that benefits the community as a whole and results in a net positive fiscal impact to the County.

In July 2016, the County Board approved the Ballston Quarter Community Development Authority (CDA), the first CDA to be created in Arlington. This was the first step in creating a public-private partnership with the intent to transform the Ballston Common Mall into Ballston Quarter, a mixed-use urban retail center in the heart of the Ballston neighborhood. Creation of the CDA gives the County a financing mechanism to fund certain public infrastructure costs associated with the Ballston Quarter public-private redevelopment. The CDA boundaries include the parcels of the Ballston Common Mall owned currently by Brookfield Properties.

The Ballston Quarter CDA issued its \$59.87 million Series 2016A and Series 2016B Revenue Bonds on November 17, 2016. The bonds funded \$43.4 million of public infrastructure improvements, as well as a debt service reserve fund, capitalized interest through project stabilization, and certain costs of issuance. In March 2024, the Series 2024A-1 and Series 2024A-2 Revenue Bonds were issued to refinance a portion of the original Series 2016A bonds.

To fund these bonds issued for public infrastructure improvements, the Ballston Quarter Development and Financing Agreement created the Ballston Quarter Tax Increment Financing (TIF) district. TIF funding of up to 65 percent of the incremental real property, sales and use, and meals tax revenues generated within the TIF district boundaries is pledged in each year following the base year set as of January 1, 2015 and until the earlier of the final maturity of the bonds, March 1, 2059, or the date on which all of the bonds have been paid in full.

SIGNIFICANT BUDGET CHANGES

The FY 2025 adopted expenditure budget for the Ballston Quarter Tax Increment Financing Area is \$2,315,252. The funds will be transferred to the trustee for the Ballston Quarter CDA to fund the project stabilization fund and to pay debt service on the outstanding Ballston Quarter CDA bonds. The FY 2025 adopted budget reflects:

- ↑ Expenditures increase due to higher projected revenues in FY 2025 and the requirement to transfer all collected TIF revenues to the Ballston Quarter CDA bond trustee to pay debt service.
- ↑ Revenue increases based on higher projected sales tax and real estate tax revenue partially offset by lower meals tax revenue.

PROGRAM FINANCIAL SUMMARY

	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025	% Change
	Actual	Adopted	Adopted	'24 to '25
Debt Service	\$3,124,178	\$1,841,669	\$2,315,252	26%
Total Expenditures	3,124,178	1,841,669	2,315,252	26%
Total Revenues	3,085,880	\$1,841,669	\$2,315,252	26%
Change in Fund Balance	(\$38,298)	-	-	-

BALLSTON QUARTER TAX INCREMENT FINANCING AREA FUND STATEMENT

	FY 2023 ACTUAL	FY 2024 ADOPTED	FY 2024 RE-ESTIMATE*	FY 2025 ADOPTED
BALANCE, JULY 1	\$1,487,202	-	\$1,448,905	-
REVENUES				
Real Estate Tax	1,217,460	\$1,291,548	1,461,630	\$1,773,110
Sales Tax	60,225	-	67,398	-
Meals Tax	664,196	550,121	729,924	542,142
Special Assessment	1,144,000	-	1,145,000	-
TOTAL REVENUES	3,085,881	1,841,669	3,403,952	2,315,252
TOTAL BALANCE AND REVENUES	4,573,083	1,841,669	4,852,857	2,315,252
EXPENSES				
Transfer to Ballston Quarter CDA				
Trustee	3,124,178	1,841,669	4,852,857	2,315,252
TOTAL EXPENSES	3,124,178	\$1,841,669	\$4,852,857	\$2,315,252
BALANCE, JUNE 30	\$1,448,905	-	-	-

^{*} The FY 2024 re-estimate column reflects special assessment revenues of \$572,500 and June 15, 2023 real estate TIF revenues of \$628,379 collected in FY 2023 but disbursed in FY 2024. All revenues will be transferred to the Ballston Quarter CDA Trustee to fund debt service.

EXPENDITURE, REVENUE AND FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT TRENDS



Fiscal Year	Description	FTEs
FY 2017	■ The Ballston Quarter CDA was created in July 2016, setting aside 65 percent of incremental real estate tax, sales tax, and meals taxes generated within the TIF district. A baseline value for these three taxes was set as of January 1, 2015. Expenditures increased based on increases in real estate assessments in the TIF district in FY 2016 compared to CY 2015.	
FY 2018	 Revenue projections in the tax district decreased due to decreases in real estate tax assessments in CY 2017 compared to CY 2016. 	
FY 2019	 Revenue projections in the tax district increased due to increases in real estate tax assessments in CY 2018 compared to CY 2017. 	
FY 2020	 Revenue projections increased in the tax district increased due to increases in real estate assessments, the County Board adopted real estate tax rate increase in CY 2019 and increases to the sales and meals taxes generated in the TIF district in FY 2020. 	
FY 2021	 Revenue increased based on higher CY 2020 real estate assessments generating additional real estate taxes offset by lower projected sales and meals tax revenues due to the impact of COVID-19. 	
FY 2022	 Revenue decreased based on lower CY 2021 real estate assessments generating less real estate tax revenue partially offset by higher projected meals tax revenue as the impact of COVID-19 subsides. 	
FY 2023	 Revenue increased based on higher projected meals and sales tax revenues as the impact of COVID-19 subsides, partially offset by a decrease in CY 2022 real estate assessments generating less real estate tax revenue. Expenditures increased due to the requirement to transfer all collected TIF 	
	revenues to the Ballston Quarter CDA to pay debt service.	
FY 2024	 Revenue decreased based on lower projected sales and meals tax revenue partially offset by slight increase to real estate revenue. This increase is due to a rising assessment tax base offset by higher anticipated refunds/reliefs. 	
	 Expenditures decreased due to lower projected revenues in FY 2024 and the requirement to transfer all collected TIF revenues to the Ballston Quarter CDA to pay debt service. 	
FY 2025	 Expenditures increase due to higher projected revenues in FY 2025 and the requirement to transfer all collected TIF revenues to the Ballston Quarter CDA bond trustee to pay debt service. 	
	 Revenue increases based on higher projected sales tax and real estate tax revenue partially offset by lower meals tax revenue. 	