	Children's Services Act (CSA) and Assessment and Planning Team (FAPT)	CFSD	Shari Lyons, x1675		
Program Purpose	Stabilize children with their families through funding clinically and fiscally responsible services				
Program Information	 The Children's Services Act (formerly known for At-risk Youth and Families (CSA)) is a Visingle state pool of funds from the Departmed Health and Developmental Services, Education services. CSA is intended to create a collaborative systehild-centered, family-focused and communistrengths and needs of youth and families. CSA is administered by the Virginia Office of Office of Comprehensive Services) (OCS). It Family Services (CFSD), and DHS serves as The Community Policy and Management Tear governing body that oversees CSA funding. Assessment and Planning Team (FAPT) must authorization and funding. The Family Assessment and Planning Team (Partners joining DHS staff on the FAPT are A County Juvenile and Domestic Relations Courproviders, and parent representatives. Each month, the FAPT meets weekly and as per meeting. The primary focus of the meetings is to determine eligible for funding through CSA. Services au Therapeutic and Arlington County liceror care facility, and educational placeme Community services (including private community transition services, tutoring the tool in the dadocument. The FAPT uses the Child and Adolescent Need assess the child and family's strengths and ror not the requested service meets clinical color is maintained in a state database known responsible for completing the tool in the dadocument. The Individualized Family Service Plan (IFSP requested, and is subject to FAPT review and 	rginia statents of Scon and Justem of scon and Justem of scotty-based Children (CPMT All services be approximated for the fisca proximated for the fisca for	atute that establishes a ocial Services, Behavioral uvenile Justice to purchase ervices and funding that is when addressing the asservices (formerly the on, it is staffed by Child and I agent for CSA. The Arlington County were approved by the Family word by CPMT for a multidisciplinary team. Public Schools, Arlington es, private agency reviewing up to eight cases inically appropriate services by FAPT are: ser care services are services are group home, temporary and, intensive in-home, entoring) strengths (CANS) tool to be is helps determine whether are CSA funding. The CANS and signing the ents the services		
Service Delivery Model	 In FY 2023, FAPT reviews were primarily conferred the opportunity to participate in the In FY 2024, reviews will continue to be proviews are requested by the family based of program will assess efficacy and to determine 	reviews of ided virtunder n the pri	onsite if they preferred. ually unless in-person ority population. The		

PM1: How much did we do?

Staff

- 2.65 FTEs including:
 - o 0.30 FTE Supervisor
 - o 0.85 FTE CSA Coordinator
 - o 1 FTE Utilization Review Coordinator (50% of 2 FTEs)
 - 0.5 FTE CFSD staff (~4% of 13 staff)

Administrative support is also provided by a temporary position (40 hrs/wk)

Customers and Service Data

	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023		
Total # of FAPT Client Reviews	267	294	176	208		
Total # of Clients Authorized for CSA Funding	172	173	149	160		
	Expenditures for Services*					
Therapeutic Foster Care \$159,403 \$65,186 \$225,964 \$52,4				\$52,453		
Congregate Care Services	\$735,945	\$751,801	\$1,163,319	\$1,732,572		
Private Day Educational Placements	\$3,803,726	\$3,331,689	\$3,574,882	\$3,698,983		
Community Services	\$434,863	\$471,499	\$689,661	\$675,820		

^{*}Expenditures for services are reflected in the fiscal year in which they were paid.

PM2: How well did we do it?

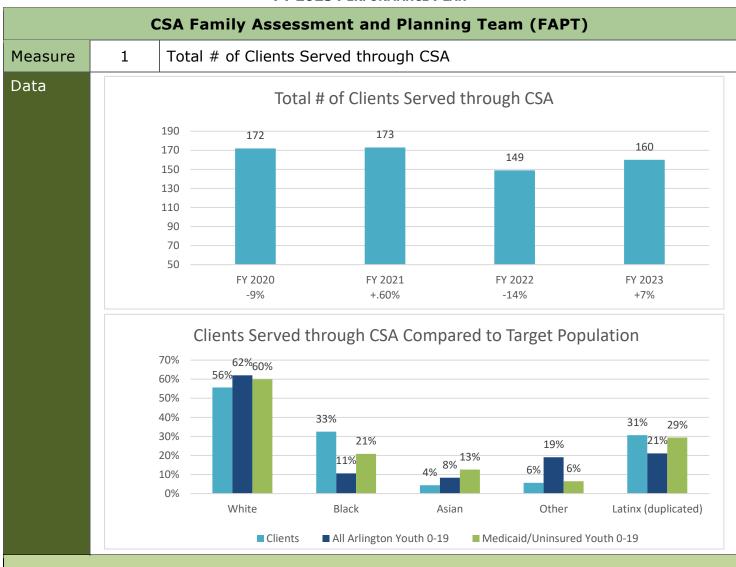
2.1	Compliance with CANS completion policy
2.2	Length of home-based services and congregate care placements

2.3 Alignment between level of need and level of service requested per the CANS

PM3: Is anyone better off?

< 1	Percentage of youth demonstrating increased emotional/behavioral stability per the
5.1	CANS

3.2 Percentage of youth served in the community



Data Summary

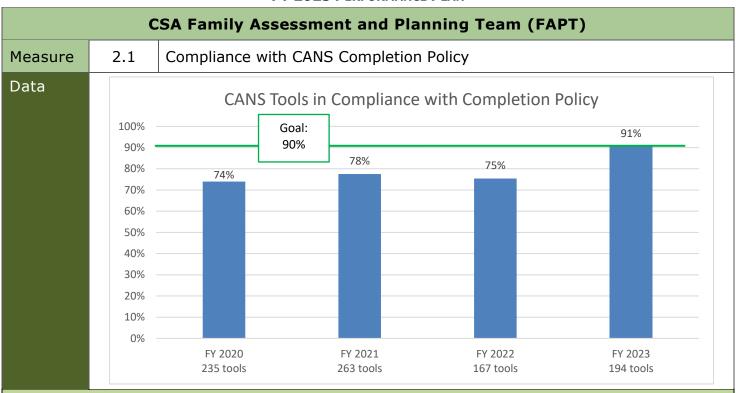
- In FY 2023, there were 160 youth that received CSA funded services.
- The program data for race and ethnicity is collected from the DMC data system.

- The number of children served by the CSA has increased from 149 in FY 2022 to 160 in FY 2023.
- CSA is designed to serve youth that either need services funded only by this program, and/or have no additional resources to pay for services.
- CSA's primary referral sources include child welfare and schools (Special Education).
- In FY 2023, there were more youth that accessed CSA that had no insurance or other funding sources. Additionally, youth with insurance are being court ordered to service providers that do not accept their insurance and have to use CSA funds. These factors contributed to the increase in the number of youth utilizing CSA funds this year.
- In FY 2023, the acuity of youth who required CSA services and provider workforce challenges continued to increase. Therefore, duration of services and expenditures for congregate and residential care continued to increase in FY 2023.

- Clients are disproportionately linked to court services and child welfare which are large utilizers of CSA funds. The disproportionality is reflective of the implicit biases of child serving systems.
- Youth that identified as White are under-represented in comparison to the total number of Arlington youth ages 0-19 and the population of youth with Medicaid or without insurance. They are also under-represented in the child welfare and juvenile legal systems.
- Youth that identified as Black were overrepresented based on the population of Arlington youth and youth with Medicaid or without insurance. However, in child welfare, black youth made up 55% of children in foster care at the end of FY 2023. These children are also disproportionately linked to court services.
- In FY 2023, staff completed site visits at congregate care providers with a racial equity lens to ensure clinical integrity and quality of services.
- In FY 2023, data collection was modified to improve ease of access to all data including racial equity data.

Recommendations	Target Dates
 Review data on a monthly basis to assess for assess barriers and racial inequities in service approvals. Continue to collaborate with other child serving systems to review racial equity data. 	FY 2024, Q2Ongoing
Forecast	

For FY 2024, it is projected that the clients served will increase by 10%



Data Summary

- In FY 2023, 91% (176/194) of CANS were current—dated within the last 90 days, or more recently when clinically indicated.
- The CSA Coordinator evaluates all CANS assessment tools after each FAPT meeting and records the results in Excel. CANS assessments are not required for MHI reviews, which are excluded from this measure.

- In FY 2023, the CSA team continued sending reminders for discharge CANS and CANS updates that are due.
- In FY 2023, the new CSA Coordinator continued to provide heightened oversight of the FAPT packet to ensure that all documentation is completed prior to the scheduled review.
- In FY 2023, the utilization review process changed that included reviewing for CANS compliance. At System of Care weekly team prep meetings, service alignment, utilization concerns and potential red flags are discussed to ensure FAPT meetings flow as smoothly as possible and make sense to the any youth and/or family present. CANS completions are discussed during these meetings.
- In FY 2023, the chart review process resumed to ensure CANS assessments are current and on time.

Recommendations	Target Dates
Continue chart review process to ensure CANS assessments are current and on time.	Ongoing
A data key to ensure accuracy of CANS ratings by clinicians will be developed.	• FY 2023, Q4
Provide CANS assessment refresher training for clinicians that need assistance with scoring.	• FY 2023, Q2

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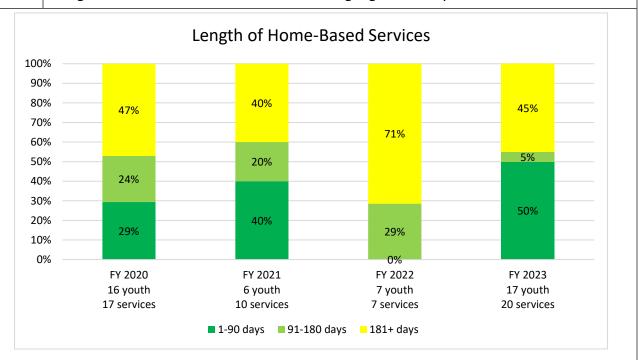
• In FY 2024, it is projected that 90% of CANS assessments will be current.

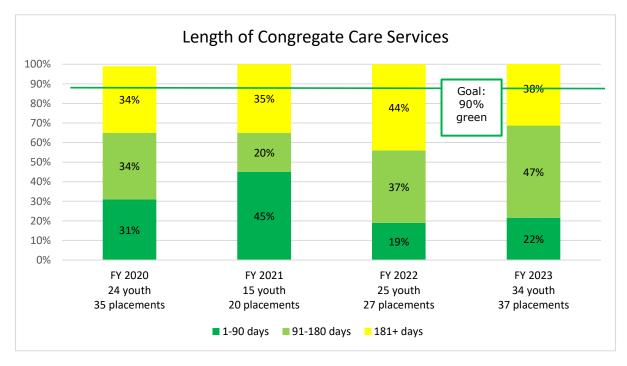
CSA Family Assessment and Planning Team (FAPT)

2.2 Length of home-based services and congregate care placements

Data

Measure





Data <u>Su</u>mmary Home-based services are behavioral health interventions provided in the child's natural or foster home setting to stabilize behavior and minimize risks for out-ofhome placements. Services may involve crisis intervention, case management, and behavior planning or modification.

- Congregate care services are behavioral health interventions provided in a licensed residential and/or group home setting.
- For cases completing home based services in FY 2023:
 - o 50% (10/20) completed services within 90 days
 - o 5% (1/20) completed services between 91 and 180 days
 - o 445 (9/20) extended beyond 180 days
- For cases completing congregate care services in FY 2023:
 - o 22% (8/37) completed services within 90 days
 - o 47% (16/37) completed services between 91-180 days
 - o 38% (13/37) extended beyond 180 days
- Service start and end dates are tracked in SharePoint and updated monthly by the CSA Coordinator. Only clinical services are tracked and reported in this measure.
- Youth can receive both in-home services and congregate care services within the same fiscal year.

- In FY 2023 the percentage of home-based services completed within 180 days increased from 29% to 55%. The percentage of congregate care placements completed within 180 days increased from 56% to 69%.
- In FY 2023, agencies did not have the capacity to serve children the same way they had in the past. They were understaffed, had significant waitlists, and some programs closed. This created a gap for children which perpetuated lengths of stay in higher levels or care.
- Staff continue to utilize alternative funding sources to support home-based services.
- In FY 2023, the continued high acuity of children's behavioral and mental health needs has led to a continuing need for longer services in the community or in congregate care to meet their complex needs.
- In FY 2023, 32 congregate care placements were court ordered, an increase from 9 in FY 2022. The length of service is also ordered by the court for these placements. This may have caused some of the increase in stay as most times there are familial concerns taken into account and not just clinical needs.
- In FY 2023, there continued to be children coming for services who were involved with multiple systems (i.e., court, child welfare, mental health). These youth had a variety of needs that required multi-system involvement and navigation for family reunification.
- In FY 2023, a new electronic data collection process was put in place to track all clinical services provided to children and families.
- In FY 2023, a public website for interested agencies was published to show how to become a vendor.
- In FY 2023, a new vendor on-boarding process was initiated and an Emergency Purchase Authority started to process emergency court-ordered services.

Recommendations	Target Dates
Continue quarterly vendor meet and greets to explore available services.	Ongoing
Built out the public website to provide information more information about site visits and reviews for vendors	• FY 2024, Q3
Continue to explore strategies to expand vendor pool and update our service provider list.	Ongoing

- Finalize Emergency Purchase Authority policy.
- Consider modifying measure to assess community-based services instead of in-home services.
- FY 2024, Q3
- FY 2024 Q4

Forecast

 By the end of FY 2024, it is anticipated that 60% of families will complete community-based services within 180 days and 60% of families will complete congregate care services within 180 days.

CSA Family Assessment and Planning Team (FAPT) Alignment between level of need and level of service requested per the Measure 2.3 **CANS** Data CANS Assessment Score Match 100% 90% 82% Goal: 80% 73% 80% 70% 67% 60% 50% 50% 40% 30% 20% 10% 0% FY 2022 FY 2023 FY 2020 FY 2021 98/120 74/101 80/120 61/123

Data Summary

- In FY 2023 50% (61/123) of service requests received aligned with the CANS ratings of need.
- The FAPT uses CANS algorithms to assess if requested services are aligned with the level of need based on CANS scores. These algorithms establish baseline criteria/CANS scores for targeted services. Results are tracked in Excel.
- This measure excludes non-clinical service requests and MHI cases. In FY 2023, 71 requests were excluded.

- CANS alignment continues to be reviewed prior to FAPT meetings and discussed in FAPT for all cases.
- The most common cause of misalignment is CANS scores indicate that the child needs a lower level of care than what is being requested.
- Misalignment often occurs when youth are placed in services that have been court ordered –
 for example, a youth may be assessed to need community-based services, but be ordered
 into group home care. The length of service is also ordered by the court for these
 placements. In FY 2023, 32 congregate care placements were court ordered, an increase
 from 9 in FY 2022.
- Families experience additional stressors that are not currently rated on the CANS
 assessment, resulting in low scores that did not reflect the families' actual level of need. The
 CANS does not include measures related to domains of lived experience such as racial
 trauma and LGBTOIA.
- In FY 2023, CFSD leadership met with the JDRC judges regularly to discuss court ordered placements, CSA funding, court notices, etc.

Recommendations	Target Dates
 Continue to collaborate with OCS to reassess the alignment tool and discuss missing measures that assess for lived experiences. Revamp CANS training for case managers and FAPT representatives. 	OngoingFY 2024, Q3Ongoing
 Continue to review CANS alignment prior to FAPT review and explore how to best discuss this in meeting with families. Implement trainings for FAPT members and staff to ensure accurate and consistent ratings. 	OngoingFY 2024, Q3
Forecast	

• In FY 2024, it is anticipated that 60% of CANS and service requests will be aligned.

CSA Family Assessment and Planning Team (FAPT) Percentage of youth demonstrating increased emotional/behavioral stability Measure 3.1 per the CANS Data Increased Emotional/Behavioral Stability 100% 90% 80% Goal: 70% 70% 32/55 50% 45% 50/100 46/102 50% 40% 28% 31% 4/13 7/25 21% 30% 3/14 20% 10% 0% FY 2021 FY 2022 FY 2023 ■ Ages 0-4 ■ Ages 5+

Data Summary

- In FY 2023, CANS scores were collected for 175 youth that had at least two CANS assessments.
- In FY 2023, 4/13 (31%) youth ages 0-4 demonstrated increased emotional/behavior stability between the two assessments and 50/100 (50%) youth ages 5+ demonstrated increased emotional/behavior stability between the two assessments.
- In FY 2023, there was 48% (54/113) overall increase in emotional/behavioral stability, an increase from 42% in FY 2022. There were 62 youth that did not have an assessed need in this area.
- These scores are extracted from a database maintained by the Office of Children's Services.

- In FY 2023, the percentage of youth who improved their emotional/behavioral health needs increased slightly for children ages 0-4 and children ages 5+.
- In FY 2022, the average for the state of Virginia for demonstrated improvement in emotional/behavioral stability was 42%.
- In FY 2023, 10 youth remained stable between their two assessments and 62 youth did not have assessed emotional behavior needs.
- In FY 2023, there were 47 youth that demonstrated an increase in emotional/behavioral need scores, indicating that their symptoms worsened between the two assessments. Many of the cases had child welfare involvement, and often experienced high levels of stress and trauma.
- CSA has continued to increase flexibility in familial support in many child welfare cases to increase stability. For example, authorization of transportation services for family

- reunification purposes allows the family to maintain consistent contact and attend doctor's appointments, court hearings, family visitations, etc.
- When youth enter foster care, there may not be a lot of information at the time the initial
 assessment is completed which is why the score may not accurately reflect that initial
 presentation. During service provision, more information regarding needs may be obtained.
- Youth with complex needs are more likely to need more interventions for a longer period.
- For youth who have multiple behavioral incidents, risk management investigations may be completed to identify challenges and provide technical assistance to help the youth stabilize. In FY 2023, three internal risk management investigations for community based and residential vendors to address incidences of behavioral challenges, and to identify systemic challenges.

Recommendations	Target Dates
Continue to provide CANS trainings at least annually to ensure inter-rater reliability.	Ongoing
Continue site visits for residential vendors and begin visits for non-residential vendors.	• FY 2024, Q4
Explore disaggregating race and ethnicity from CANS data.	• FY 2024 Q4

Forecast

• In FY 2024, it is projected that 50% of youth will demonstrate an increase in emotional/behavioral stability.

CSA Family Assessment and Planning Team (FAPT) Measure 3.2 Percentage of youth served in the community Data Percentage of youth served in the community 100% 91% 85% 90% Goal: 83% 79% 95% 80% 70% 60% 50% 40% 30% 20% 10% 0% FY 2020 FY 2021 FY 2022 FY 2023 Community Based vs. Congregate Care Services compared to All Clients Served 70% 58% 60% 52% 50% 41% 41% 36% 36% 35% 40% 31% 30% 18% 20% 9% 6% 6% 5% 6% 10% 0% White Black Asian Other Latinx (duplicated) All CSA Clients ■ Community Based Only ■ Congregate Care

Data Summary

- In FY 2023, 79% of youth (126/160) who received service authorizations through CSA funding were authorized only for services in the community, which in a slight decrease in percentage of youth served in FY 2022 (83%).
- In FY 2023, 21% of youth (34/160) who received service authorizations through CSA funding were authorized for Congregate Care Services, which is a slight increase in percentage of youth served in FY 2022 (17%).
- Congregate care services include residential treatment facilities, group homes, respite care, and services to facilitate transition out of congregate care.
- Community services include ICC, intensive in-home therapy, outpatient therapy, WRAP around services, foster care maintenance, TFC, and independent living.

What is the story behind the data?

- The CSA System of Care team focuses on serving children in the least restrictive environment, identifying and reducing disparities and widening the service array.
- In FY 2023 there continues to be an increase in acuity seen in youth mental health nationally, which has led to youth needing higher levels of care or more intense communitybased services. If the community-based services are not available, that could lead to a congregate care placement.
- Due to staff shortages, there continues to be a deficit in available community-based services as well as increase in wait times for those still available. This is a statewide trend.
- In FY 2023, there were ongoing case specific conversations to improve creative service planning.
- In FY 2023, the utilization review specialists continued to oversee utilization for a designated set of children, rather than overseeing specific components of care for all children. This allows the specialists to build a holistic understanding of each child's needs and work consistently to better integrate their care.
- In FY 2023, the electronic record was developed and implemented to capture integral data outcomes to include demographic data and service provision.

Recommendations	Target Dates
 Develop training to accompany the service review guides that were created. 	• FY 2024, Q3
 Develop training that reviews roles and responsibilities for FAPT case managers to help navigate service options. 	• FY 2024, Q3
 Continue vendor meet and greets where vendors talk about their services. This meeting will be open to the community. 	Ongoing

Forecast

In FY 2024, it is anticipated that 80% of youth will be served in the community.