Windy Run
Stream Restoration and
Trail/Slope/Infrastructure
Repair

Woodmont Civic Association Meeting January 20, 2011



Stormwater Challenges

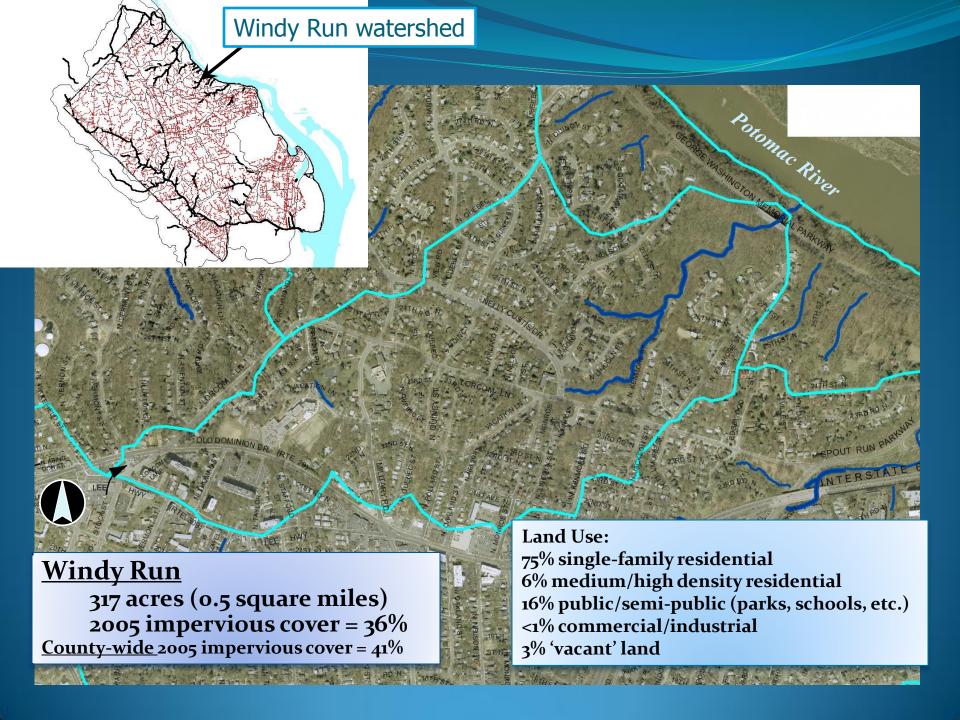
- Existing Development. Most of Arlington was built before stormwater regulations existed. County streams are heavily impacted.
- New state and federal regulations to reduce water pollution.
- **Aging Infrastructure.** More than half of the storm sewer network is over 50 years old.
- System Capacity.
- Climate change. Climate models predict heavy rainfall events could increase sharply.

Stormwater Strategy – in brief

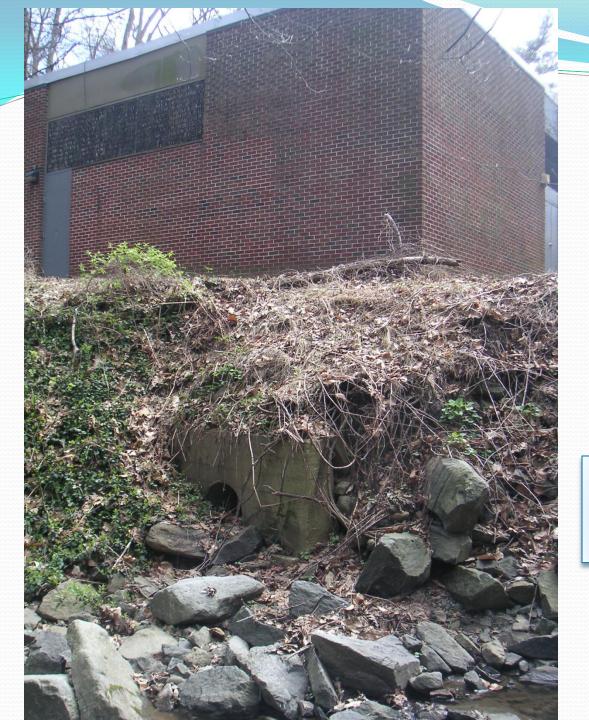
- Maintain & replace stormwater infrastructure
- Improve existing, and add new, stormwater treatment facilities
- Stormwater controls for new development
- Reduce risks from flooding
- Restore stream corridors
- Implement urban housekeeping best practices (such as street sweeping)
- Outreach, education, and monitoring

Stormwater Master Plan Update

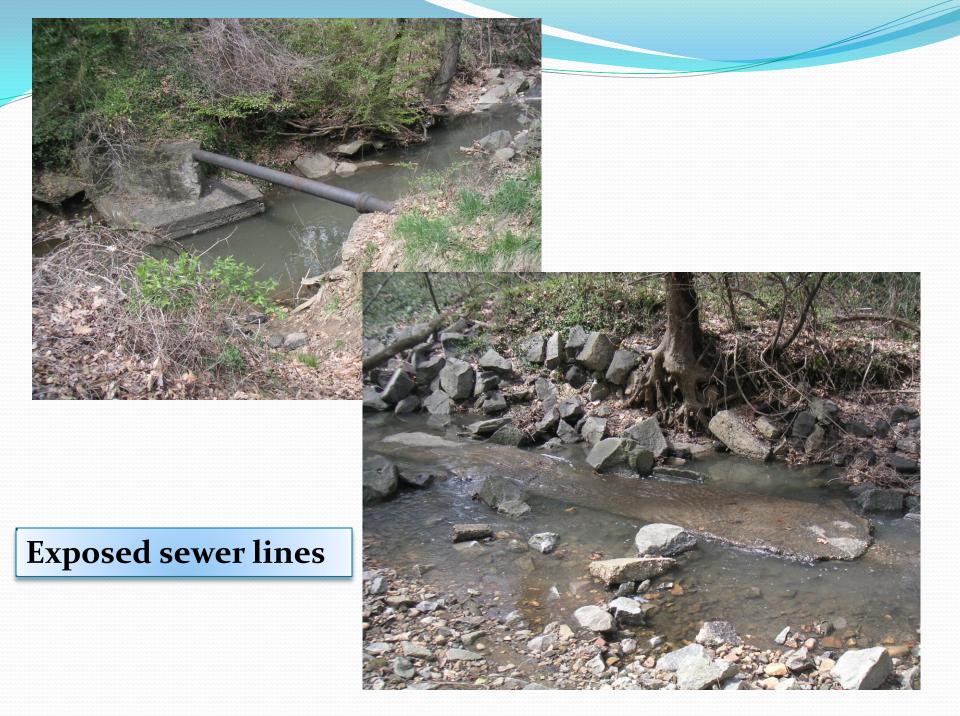
- Stormwater Master Plan (1996) and Watershed Management Plan (2001) will be updated and combined into a comprehensive Master Plan.
- **Storm Sewer Capacity Analysis** to study the County's current storm sewer pipes.
- County-wide stream inventory to assess stream conditions and prioritize stream restoration projects.
- Watershed retrofit plans to identify locations where stormwater treatment facilities can be added to help slow down and filter stormwater runoff.







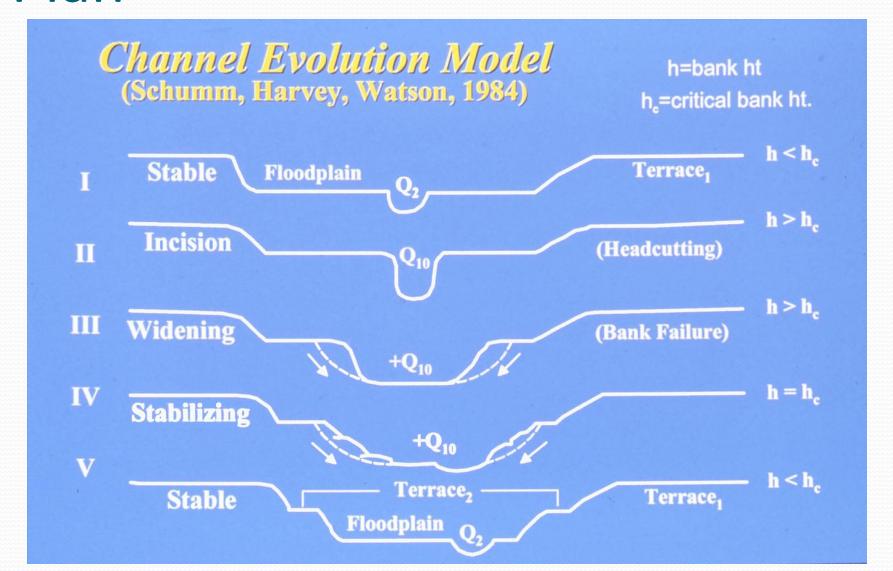
Stream erosion near sanitary sewer pump station





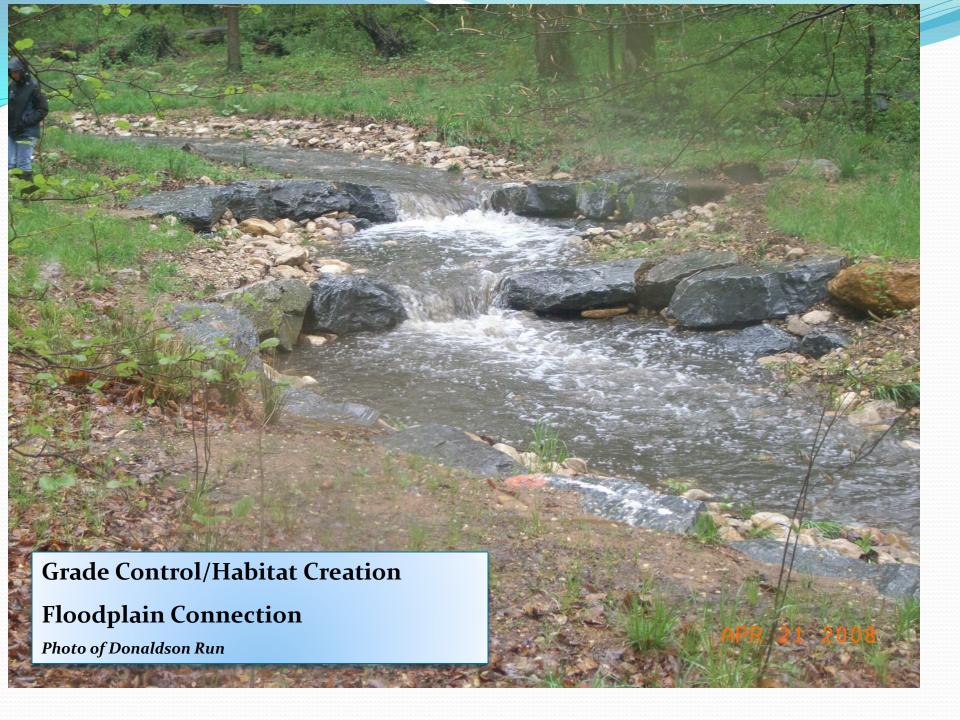


Restoration/Repair Plan



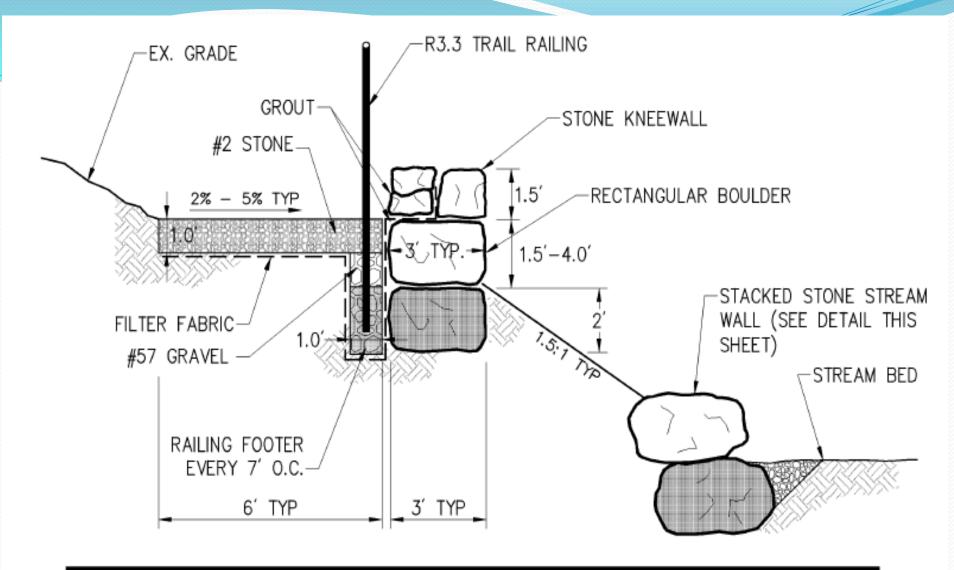
Windy Run stream restoration design elements

- Create 'active' or 'bankfull' channel
- Floodplain benches
- Retain existing stream alignment
- Grade controls
- Vegetation for stabilization and habitat



Infrastructure Repair

- Re-align sanitary sewer to eliminate 'hanging' crossing
- Stabilize bottom and top of slope below trail with stacked stone
- Extend storm sewer under trail to connect to stream at stabilized outfall
- Repair failed storm sewer endwall & gully
- Reconfigure two other existing storm sewer outfalls for improved stream connection/stability



Stacked Stone Trail Wall Detail



Trees

- ~17 trees >15" diameter to be removed
 - Many already threatened or compromised
 - 11 of 17 with condition rating below 70 out of 100
 - 5 of 17 with condition rating below 60
- 43 trees overall
- Trees with reasonable survival chance will be saved, and some design adjustments may be made
- Minimum tree replacement = 68 trees

Planting Plan

- Canopy and understory trees
- Shrubs and native plants

Carya glabra
Carya tomentosa
Nyssa sylvatica
Prunus serotina
Quercus alba
Quercus coccinea

Pignut Hickory Mockernut Hickory Black Gum Black Cherry White Oak Scarlet Oak

Alnus serrulata Euonymus americanus Viburnum dentatum Hamamelis virginiana Common Alder American Strawberry Bush Arrowwood Witchhazel

Dichanthelium clandestinum Leersia virginica Rudbeckia hirta Sanicula canadensis Deertongue Grass White Grass Black-eyed Susan Black Snakeroot Elymus riparius
Eupatorium coelestinum
Eupatorium fistulosum
Glyceria striata
Helianthus decapetalus

Riverbank Wild Rye Mistflower Hollow Joe-pye-weed Fowl Manna Grass Thin-leaved Sunflower

• Invasive plant management English ivy, porcelain berry, privet, winged euonymous, creeping euonymous, bush honeysuckle, Japanese honeysuckle, wineberry

VOLUNTEERS NEEDED!

Next Steps

- Complete design and specifications
- Acquire easement (1)
- Issue construction solicitation
- Anticipated construction start depends upon easement acquisition (Fall?)
- Estimated construction duration 2 months
- Trail will be closed for most of construction period

Questions, comments, more information

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Project website:

<u>www.arlingtonva.us</u> - click on 'watershed management'

